

Plate-forme de Données BIGMECA

A. Marano

COPIL – Chaire BIGMECA

13 janvier 2021

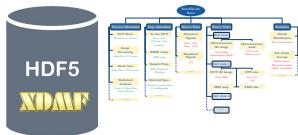


Reminder – Last COPIL

Report



Data Format



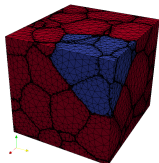
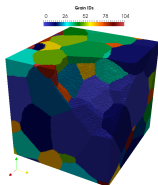
SampleData Class



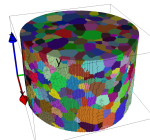
Generic & Simple API

Meshes / Images / Arrays

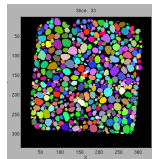
Metadata – Data Compression



Integration with Pymicro



DCT microstructural uncertainty propagation



- 1 Code Evolution– Integration within Pymicro
- 2 Propagation of microstructural uncertainty associated to DCT experiments

- **Package integration :**

- integrate with X-Ray/FEM tools and file formats
- Pymicro Microstructure Class inherited from SampleData
- GIT repository
- Updated documentation (not yet online)
- Non regression tests updated

- **Code improvements :**

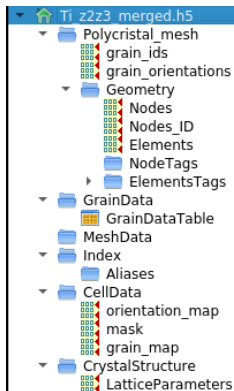
- Compression fine tuning of datasets
- Generic Data Model mechanism → subclasses for specific applications
- Access to data with : Path, Node name, Index name, Aliases
- Scalar, vector and tensor fields defined on 2D/3D Images/Meshes
- Introduction of structured tables arrays (multifields arrays)

Integration with Pymicro Package

```
def minimal_data_model(self):
    """Data model for a polycrystalline microstructure.

    Specify the minimal contents of the hdf5 (Group names, paths and group
    types) in the form of a dictionary {content: location}. This extends
    '~pymicro.core.SampleData.minimal_data_model' method.

    :return: a tuple containing the two dictionaries.
    """
    minimal_content_index_dic = {'Image_data': '/CellData',
                                'grain_map': '/CellData/grain_map',
                                'mask': '/CellData/mask',
                                'Mesh_data': '/MeshData',
                                'Grain_data': '/GrainData',
                                'GrainDataTable': ('/GrainData/'
                                                  'GrainDataTable'),
                                'Crystal_data': '/CrystalStructure',
                                'lattice_params': ('/CrystalStructure'
                                                  '/LatticeParameters'), }
    minimal_content_type_dic = {'Image_data': '3DImage',
                                'grain_map': 'Array',
                                'mask': 'Array',
                                'Mesh_data': 'Mesh',
                                'Grain_data': 'Group',
                                'GrainDataTable': GrainData,
                                'Crystal_data': 'Group',
                                'lattice_params': 'Array', }
    return minimal_content_index_dic, minimal_content_type_dic
```



Integration with Pymicro Package

```
class GrainData(tables.IsDescription):  
    """  
        Description class specifying structured storage of grain data in  
        Microstructure Class, in HDF5 node /GrainData/GrainDataTable  
    """  
    # grain identity number  
    idnumber = tables.Int32Col() # Signed 64-bit integer  
    # grain volume  
    volume = tables.Float32Col() # float  
    # grain center of mass coordinates  
    center = tables.Float32Col(shape=(3,)) # float (double-precision)  
    # Rodriguez vector defining grain orientation  
    orientation = tables.Float32Col(shape=(3,)) # float (double-precision)  
    # Grain Bounding box  
    bounding_box = tables.Int32Col(shape=(3, 2)) # Signed 64-bit integer
```

	bounding_box	center	idnumber	orientation	volume
0	[[72,74], [10,18], [3, 9]]	[0.24174044,...	12	[0.9882962 ,-0.09180787, 0.14053537]	39.
1	[[0, 1], [71,72],...	[0.0104857 ,0.24655765,...	28	[0.06005969, 0.9892864 ...	1.
2	[[41,71], [10,41],...	[0.15370159,...	38	[0.8752973 ,-0.42830908...	10272.
3	[[0,24], [37,69],...	[0.0228855 ,0.15506616,...	40	[0.49868646,...	4705.
4	[[0,11], [33,56],...	[-0.01661 , 0.12986557, ...	53	[-0.02484809, 0.8941689 , ...	1891.
5	[[68,74], [49,72],...	[0.22497821,...	61	[0.76558834, 0.6130021 ...	1093.

- **Goals :**

- Integrate tool for mesh data I/O and generic mesh objects
- Cooperation/Compatibility with Safran

- **BT Integration :**

- BT Mesh classes → SampleData Mesh Group
- SampleData Mesh Group → BT Mesh classes
- Nodes, Elements, Sets, XDMF format for nodal fields/element fields

- **Problems to solve :**

- Convention to store IP fields
- Visualization of IP fields? Create Paraview plug-in (analogous to BT plug-in)?

- **Alternatives :**

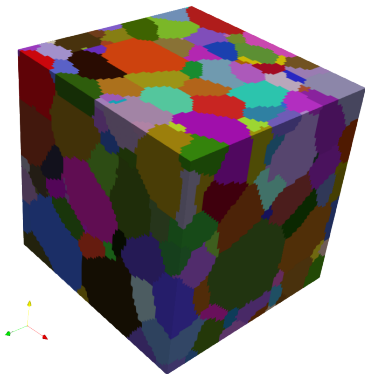
- Integrate with *meshio* open source package

Use case : DCT-X experiment sample digital twin

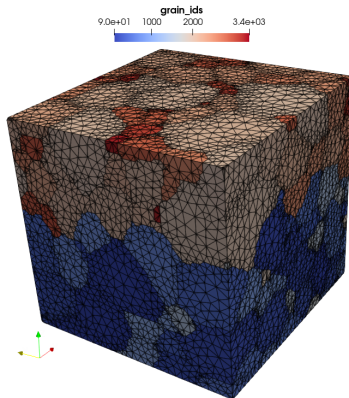
- PSICHE line from SOLEIL synchrotron facility, *Ti* grade 2 sample, undeformed state.
- Subvolume extracted from 2 merged scan reconstructions.
- Data platform used to construct a dataset gathering :
 - Raw data of reconstructed grain map
 - Dilated and cleaned grain map (morphology operators)
 - Grains mesh for FEM computations
 - Stress and Strain fields from 3 FFT simulations with 3 different boundary conditions (anisotropic elasticity).
 - Grains geometric and physical data in a structured table.

Digital twin reconstructed from DCT experiment

Grain map

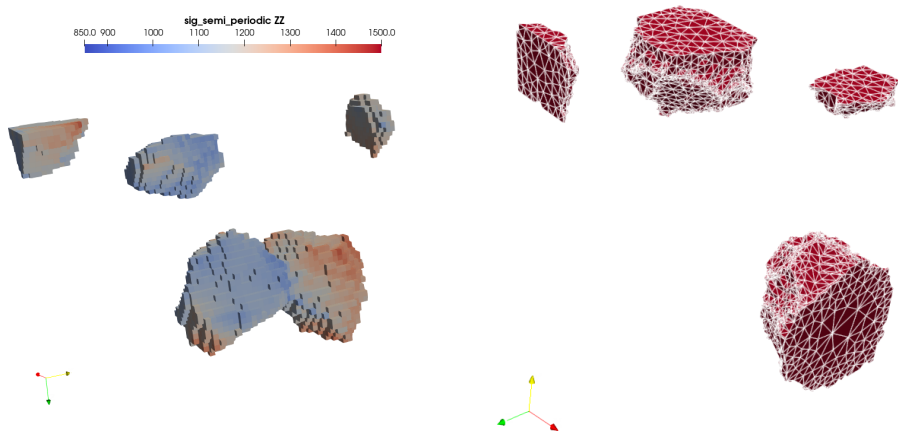


Grains mesh (Grain Id field)



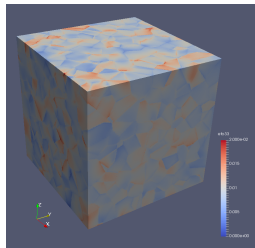
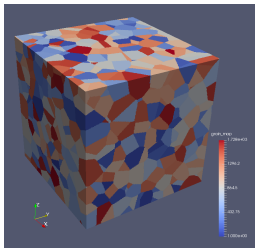
Grains visualization

Using data set content and Paraview Threshold filter, visualization of fields on particular grains is straightforward (+ clips, slices...).



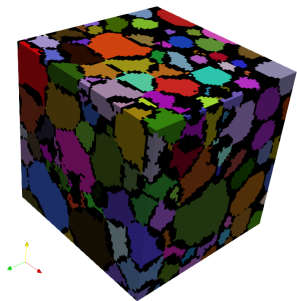
Conclusion – Perspectives

- **Summary :**
 - Complete Integration with Pymicro
 - Functional integration with BasicTools
 - Operational and efficient V1 Data Platform
- **First half of 2021** → **Support for Numerical processing chains :**
 - **H. Proudhon** : anisotropic modeling of polycrystals
Neper → Amitex_fftp
 - **J. Bertoldo** : Tomographic images segmentations with CNN
 - **H. Launay** : ROM Database for welding defects via Machine Learning



- ① Code Evolution– Integration within Pymicro
- ② Propagation of microstructural uncertainty associated to DCT experiments

DCT reconstruction output



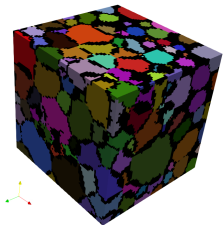
Problem

- Exact position of GB ?
- Standard : dilate grains and use output as digital twin
- Simulation results uncertainty associated to standard method ?

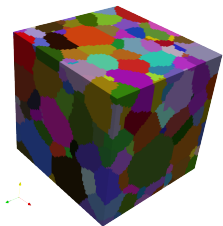
Challenges

- Very large dimension
- How to chose simulations to perform ?
- How to propagate uncertainty ?

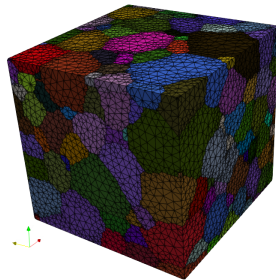
DCT reconstruction output



Grain Map after dilatation



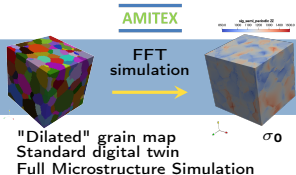
Polycrystal mesh



- **General expectations :**
 - Low sensitivity at the meso/macro scale
 - High potential sensitivity at micro/local scale (localization, stress concentration, damage initiation...)
- **Reduce problem dimension :**
 - Construct a parametric representation of grain boundary position of reasonable dimension
- **Start simple :**
 - Anisotropic elasticity
 - Avoid modeling of random microstructure and Monte-Carlo simulations
 - Estimate sensitivity by simulating limit cases (to be defined) that remain in the uncertainty zone

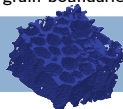
Numerical Chain Overview

Digital Twin 0



GB parametric model

"Thick grain boundaries" mesh



Eigen modes computation $\{\varphi_i\}$
Reduced base of
Plausible microstructures

Data stored in SampleData file between each step

Goal : fully automated process

Sensitivity quantification

Generate N structural zooms

BC : σ_0 (Neumann) or u_0 (Dirichlet)

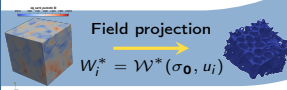
Control indicator $E = \sigma_{Neu}^j - \sigma_{Dir}^j$

Local deviation : $\max(\sigma^j - \sigma_0)$

Macro deviation : $\|\sigma^j - \sigma_0\|_{gr}/VER$

Local submodels selection

Deform mesh 0 with $u_i = \pm \alpha_i \varphi_i$



Look for N max of $W = [W_i^*]$
→ coordinates of N interest
zones and GB deformations

- **Automatic meshing of multi-phase image :**
 - Matlab script relying on F. Nguyen tools (currently deployed)
 - To be automated through a Pymicro's *Microstructure* class method
- **Field transfer :**
 - Handling/storage of IP fields
 - Enable and automate field transfer between FFT simulation results and Zset
- **Processing Chain automation :**
 - Automate I/O interface between SampleData and simulation softwares (Zset, Amitex_FFTP)
 - Define storage datamodel

- **Enrich geometric modeling :**
 - Random model of plausible microstructures
 - Eigen modes amplitudes \rightarrow random variables
 - Monte-Carlo simulation
- **Reduced order modeling and machine learning :**
 - Hyper-reduction of the parametric model simulation
 - Clustering of the parametric space with associated hyper-reduced models
 - Accelerate Monte-Carlo simulations
- **Physics :**
 - Crystal plasticity (localization, crystal rotation)
 - Damage
- **Computational resources :**
 - 500.000 h obtained on the Jean Zay (GENCI/ IDRIS) Cluster
 - We trust that more can be obtained after first results